CEPS ECONPOL LUNCH DEBATE – SEPTEMBER 9, 2020

Covid-19 and Educational Inequality Evidence from Germany

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Covid-19 school closures in Germany

SETTING

- 3 months of nation-wide school closures in Germany due to COVID-19 pandemic
- (Almost) no digital learning infrastructure, no master plan of school ministries

DATA & METHOD

- Survey in June 2020 with 1,099 parents of school children
- Information on educational inputs during and before school closures
- Focus on gaps between children with academic vs. non-academic family background (also: student achievement, gender)

RESULTS

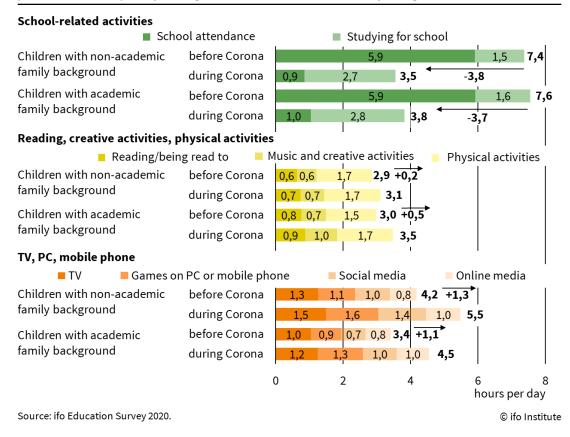
- School & learning activities decreased by ½
- Learning activities substituted by rather passive activities
- Non-academic family background students received less support by their schools



Time use of students before and during Covid-19 school closures

How did students from different family backgrounds spend their time?

Similar loss of learning among children with academic and non-academic family background, more passive activities especially among children with non-academic family background

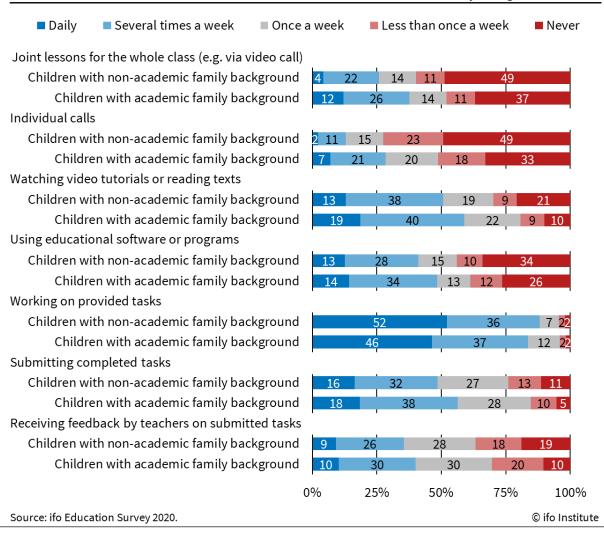




What did the schools do? Activities and involvement of teachers

Did the activities of the schools differ according to the students' family background?

Fewer online lessons and individual calls with children from non-academic family background





3. Conclusion

Large learning loss during Covid-19 school closures

- Time spent with school-related activities decreased by ½
- Learning activities substituted by rather passive activities
- Non-academic family background students received less support by their schools than academic background students did
- → very likely that educational inequality will increase



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!

Comments and questions are very welcome

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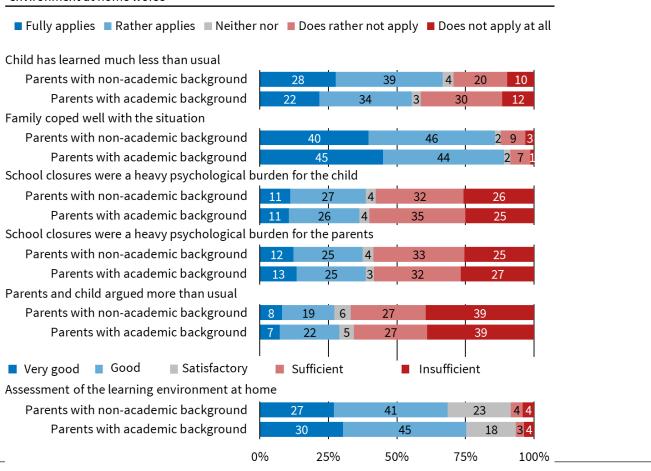
BACK-UP



How did the students, families and schools do? Evaluation of parents

How do parents with different educational backgrounds evaluate the period during the school closures?

Parents with non-academic background witness greater loss of learning and rate the learning environment at home worse





Further inequality: Low-achieving vs. high-achieving students

How did students with different grades spend their time?

Low-performing students in particular replaced studying with passive activities

